

A Note on a Homogeneous Structure on an Almost Contact Metric Space

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Abstract. Ambrose and Singer characterized the homogeneity of a Riemannian manifold by the existence of a tensor field T of type $(1,2)$. We consider the homogeneity of odd dimensional Riemannian manifolds, in particular, that of an almost contact metric space.

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INTRODUCTION

W. Ambrose and I. M. Singer [1] characterized the homogeneity of (M, g) by the existence of some tensor field T of type $(1,2)$ on M , which is called a homogeneous structure.

Theorem 1 ([1]). *Let (M, g) be a connected, simply connected, complete Riemannian manifold. (M, g) is a Riemannian homogeneous space if and only if there exists a tensor field T of type $(1,2)$ on M satisfying*

- (1) $g(T(X)Y, Z) + g(Y, T(X)Z) = 0$
- (2) $\nabla_X R = T(X) \cdot R$
- (3) $\nabla_X T = T(X) \cdot T$

where ∇ and R denotes the Riemannian connection and the Riemannian curvature tensor of (M, g) , respectively.

Remark 1. *Here, we consider the tensor field $T : \mathfrak{X}(M) \times \mathfrak{X}(M) \rightarrow \mathfrak{X}(M)$ of type $(1,2)$ as the map for $X \in \mathfrak{X}(M)$*

$$T(X) : \mathfrak{X}(M) \rightarrow \mathfrak{X}(M), \quad Y \mapsto T(X)Y$$

and then

$$(T(X) \cdot R)(Y, Z)W := T(X)(R(Y, Z)W) - R(T(X)Y, Z)W \\ - R(Y, T(X)Z)W - R(Y, Z)T(X)W$$

$$(T(X) \cdot T)(Y)Z := T(X)T(Y)Z - T(T(X)Y)Z \\ - T(Y)T(X)Z.$$